

THE  
EXISTENCE  
OF  
Human Soul  
After DEATH:

Proved from  
*Scripture, Reason and Philosophy.*

WHEREIN

Mr. *Lock's* Notion that Understanding may be given to Matter, Mr. *Hobbs's* Assertion that there is no such thing as an Immaterial Substance; the Book called *Man wholly Mortal*; Dr. *Coward's* Books of *Second and farther Thoughts*, which affirm that the Soul has no Existence after Death; and all other such Books and Opinions, are briefly and plainly confuted, for the Delight, Satisfaction, and everlasting Conviction of all sorts of People, that have any Thought with regard to Futurity.

The Difference of the Natures of Spirit and Matter, and that we may have as clear an Idea or Notion of one as of the other, and that the Nature of Creatures, is known by the Happiness of them.

*With an APPENDIX,*

Shewing that the abovementioned Principles, are the Occasions of Civil Wars, and Distractions in Government.

By BENJ. HAMPTON, of the Middle-Temple,  
Gentleman, Author of the Law of Actions.

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THE  
EXHIBIT

OF THE

DEATH

OF

JOHN

WILLIAMS

AND

THE

REASON

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To the most Noble Prince

**H E N R Y,**

**Duke of B E A U F O R T,**

Marquess and Earl of *Worcester*,  
 Earl of *Glamorgan*, Baron *Herbert*,  
 and Lord of *Chepstow*, *Ragland*  
 and *Gower*; Lord Lieutenant of  
 the County of *Southampton*, Lord  
 Warden of the *New Forest*, and  
 one of the Lords of her Majesties  
 most honourable Privy Coun-  
 cil, &c.

May it please your Grace,

**Y**OUR great and glorious Character, nothing  
 derogatory from that of your Famous Ance-  
 stors, has embolden'd me to dedicate this  
*small Treatise* to your Grace, as the most No-  
 ble Patron of Religion, Honour and Virtue: Two  
 of the Books, which I hope it has confuted, are  
*Mr. Hobbs's Leviathan*, which asserts, that there  
 can be no such thing as an Immaterial Substance;  
 and *Dr. Coward's Second Thoughts of human Soul*,  
 which



which affirms, that the Soul has no Existence after Death, have been burnt by the Order of the Honourable House of Commons, which tho' it might brand them with an indelible Infamy, yet could not wholly suppress them; because some Men have always had a Curiosity to pry into Matters, which the Government has thought fit to Condemn, and therefore the most effectual Suppression of them must be a Confutation, and the rather, because Dr. Coward's was worse than the Hydra's Heads, when one whereof was cut off, two rose up in its place. But when Dr. Coward's Book of Second Thoughts was burnt, no less than three appear'd in the World, that is to say, his further Thoughts, Just Scrutiny, and Grand Essay: And since, my Lord, such Doctrines have vitiated the Principles of many that were well affected to the Establish'd Religion and Laws of this Kingdom, and Zealous to promote the strict Observance thereof; and the Proofs that I have brought of the noble Faculties of the Soul, are so Eminently Conspicuous in your Grace, whose Patronage of this Treatise, will be a Discouragement to all Pretenders to such false Doctrines and Principles. I humbly beg your Graces Pardon for this Intrusion, and presume to subscribe my self with all Submission and profound Veneration,

May it please your Grace,

Your Grace's most Obedient,  
and most humble Servant,

BENJ. HAMPTON.



THE  
 EXISTENCE  
 OF  
 Human Soul  
 AFTER  
 Death, &c.

**K** Nowing that it is a foolish thing to confute absurd Opinions with too much Curiosity, I had not Answer'd Doctor Coward's *Second Thoughts of Human Soul*, had not I been apprehensive that his Doctrine, that the Soul hath no Existence after Death, must prove of most pernicious Consequence wheresoever it happens to gain

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any Credit ; for Men can never be possess'd with any other Notion that can be so great an encouragement to the Wicked, and discouragement to the Good, and consequently so destructive to Civil Society, and ruinous to the World ; for where there is a Belief of the Soul's Immortality, how often doth the fear of Death startle and check, nay put a stop to the worst of Men in their sinful Courses, and set them upon the Stool of Repentance ; but dispossess them of that Belief, and they will run full speed, *Jehu* like, into all manner of Wickedness to the end of their Lives, without any Remorse, and laugh at Repentance as a Doctrine for Fools ; and those that have been hitherto restrained by the fear of Death, from putting in practice their sinful Inclinations, will turn perfect Libertines, thinking now that they have nothing to fear but Temporal Laws, and Temporal Punishments. But Doctor *Coward* thinks to frighten them into good Manners, by telling them that there will be a Day of Judgment, not considering that he might as well tell them that the Sky will fall upon their Heads, whensoever they commit any wicked Action : They see so many Hundred Years have past since our Saviour talk-

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ed of his coming to judge the World, and that he is not as yet come, nor can they perceive any other Signs of his coming, than Men did in the first Ages of Christianity, when the Primitive Christians expected his coming every Day; besides, to assert that the Soul hath no Existence after Death, and yet that the Dead shall be rais'd to Judgment, is ridiculous in the Superlative Degree, for that which hath no Existence is Nothing, and how can Nothing be brought to Judgment, or receive any Reward or Punishment? But Doctor *Coward* tells them, that God will give their Bodies a new Life; now what he calls Life, all Mankind calls Soul but himself; however, he doth not only own that Life and Soul are the same thing, but doth likewise make it his business to prove it by Scripture: I answer then, how can one Soul be conscious of, or suffer for the Offences of another Soul? but he will have the Soul that was loaden with Sin, which has now lost its Existence, and the Soul newly created, to be one and the same Soul: But that is a Contradiction in it self, and a meer impossibility, and as absurd as the Doctrine of Transubstantiation. Where Men understand by the Words of the Scrip-



ture that at the Resurrection the Dead shall be raised with the same Bodies, there is no such repugnancy in it, for no Man's Body was ever annihilated, but the Dust or Atomes of every Man's Body still remain *in rerum Natura*; but when the Body is raised, it must be endued with the same Soul, or else how can the Man be brought to Judgment? and then it is of absolute Necessity that the Soul should have continual Existence: The Body without the Soul is but an Image of Clay, and cannot be called to Judgment, no more than the Body of *Adam* could have committed Sin before God breathed into him the Breath of Life, and he became a living Soul; but the Soul, if God had thought fit, might have been brought to Judgment without the Body, the Soul being the only thing that hath Understanding and Will, and consequently capacity of Sinning, or rejecting of Sin; and is conscious of its own Actions, whether they be good or evil. Doctor *Coward* has grounded his Doctrine, that the Soul has no Existence after Death, upon a Saying of Mr. *Locke*, in his *Essay of Human Understanding*, viz. That we do not know but that it is in the Power of God to dispose of Matter so, as to endue

it with Understanding. I must confess, when I read that Book, wherein Mr. *Locke* Discourses so excellently of the Nature of a Spirit, or Human Soul, telling us, That we know that our Souls are Spiritual Substances, because we think, and that we can have as clear an Idea or Notion of a Spirit, as we can have of Matter, or a Corporeal Substance. I admir'd to find such an odd Conceit as God's giving Understanding to Matter, and that a Man of his great Thought should over-think himself so far, as to put himself in doubt, and other Men too, who have too much Thought, or too little; whether Men have any Souls at all, or only a little Understanding put in their Heads, distributed like the Goods of Fortune, whereof a few particular Men get the best part; but as for the generality of Mankind, there is but a very small parcel that comes to their Share, and some Men get none at all. Tho' Mr. *Locke* is so fond of this Child of his Brain, that he would needs set it down for fear of losing it, I suppose for no other Reason, but because it was his own; yet this Child of his is a Monster, for as 'tis certain that God's Power is infinite, and surpasses all Understanding, so 'tis as certain

tain that God is the God of Order and Nature, and it cannot be found in the Universe, that he ever gave the Faculty of one Being, to any other Being to whom that Faculty does not naturally belong, except it be, *pro hac vice*, upon some extraordinary Occasion, to shew to Men his supernatural Power, as once he made an Ass speak; but that was a Miracle, and concerns not the Matter in hand: And it is reasonable to suppose, that God would sooner give the Beauty of Women to the Face of a Bear, a charming Voice to an Ass, or the Faculty of Flying to an Ox or an Elephant, than Understanding, the noblest Faculty of a Spirit, or Human Soul, which is the Image of God himself, to Matter, which howsoever modified or disposed, is but a Conjunction of Atomes; and it is well known that all the Atomes in the Universe, can't make a Sillogism. And whereas Mr. *Locke* was pleased to say, that we do not know but that it is in the Power of God to give Understanding to Matter, he might as properly have said, that we do not know but that it was in God's Power to have made the Moon of a Green Cheese; and if he had said so, it is very probable that Dr. *Coward* would have



have publish'd a Book to prove that it was so made, and have call'd it *His Second Thoughts of the Moon made of a green Cheese*; wherein he would have told us, that the disbelief of it came from the Prejudices of Education, and that the Heathens were the first Ignoramus's that would not give Credit to it, and that the Philosophers were a parcel of Asses, and all the World no better than Fools, for following them ever since. And then he would have brought many Arguments from Reason and Philosophy, to convince the World, that considering the Colour and Form, the Moon could have been made of nothing else, and after that, he would have endeavour'd to have prov'd it by Scripture, beginning with the first Chapter of *Genesis*, in which it is said, *that God made the lesser Light to rule the Night*, which Text, according to his own Interpretation, he would affirm to be a sufficient proof of it self, that a green Cheese was the only thing that the Moon could have been made of; and at last he would give us to understand, that all the Universities and Churches in Christendom, have been hitherto profoundly ignorant of the true sense and meaning of the Scriptures; and that for the future they

they must learn it from him. And now by his endeavouring to prove that human Soul has no Existence after Death, observe what a pretty piece of Mortality he would make of a Man, *viz.* That he was born naked and miserable, having less Sense, and less Ability of Body to help himself than a Beast; and so he must continue for a considerable time, that is to say, during his Infancy; and then if the Organs of his Body be not rightly dispos'd, he must remain an Infant all the days of his life, and is call'd an Idiot, a Fool, or a Changeling: But if his Organs prove exactly in tune, then he has more Understanding than a Beast, because he has abundantly more Wants to supply; and even then, there are a Thousand Accidents that may put him quite out of his Wits; a Frown of his Mistress, a Doubt in a point of Religion, his mistake of a Post for an Apparition, &c. has depriv'd him of all Understanding; and then he is called a Mad-man. But if there happens to him no such Misfortune, yet a little time brings him to Dotage, and then he becomes a Child again; and when he dies, he dies like a Beast, having nothing left of him in *rerum natura*, but his Carcase. Now, what Man in his right Understanding

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ing can ever believe that the Scriptures indited by the Holy Ghost, would call such a Creature as this the Image of God? or, that the Son of God would die for the Salvation of Man, who must die like a Beast, and has no Soul to be sav'd? nay, for the Salvation of a Brute? For Dr. *Coward* tells us in plain Terms, that Man was but a Brute in his best State and original Creation, for that human Soul is not a spiritual or immatereal Substance, but is only a Power united to the Body, equally common to Men and Beasts, by which they live move and have their being; and that this Power is but an Accident. And then it follows, that the Son of God died for the Salvation of an Accident; in another place he will have human Soul to be a Faculty, it is certain that human Soul has many Faculties; but I never heard before, that one Faculty can have another Faculty, much less many Faculties. I find that this Gentleman has a peculiar Faculty of making new Discoveries to the World, which no body can understand, nor himself neither; for there are no such things in nature as Accidents or Faculties, that do not belong to Substances, and it is evident, that Understanding is not such an Accident or Faculty



culty as can belong to a material Substance, but only to an immaterial or spiritual Substance, and if he can prove that human Soul is not a spiritual Substance, he proves it to be nothing, and that the Body is to receive a new thing, Nothing at the Resurrection. Now, to say nothing till I come further of the Excellencies of human Soul, and its wonderful Effects, and the various Texts of Scripture, which can have no other Signification, than that human Soul is a Spiritual Immortal Substance; notwithstanding Dr. Coward's misinterpretation of them, which now he wholly relies upon, tho' he pretended to make good his Assertion, that human Soul has no Existence after Death, by Reason and Philosophy, as well as by Scripture; but they have both fail'd him, and there is no doubt but that the Scripture too, will never stand by such an Interpreter: I shall only put here two or three Texts together concerning the Creation of Man, the first is in the first of Genesis, v. 26. in these Words. *And God said, let us make Man in our Image, after our likeness.* now can any Man imagine, that God that made all things, but Man by his *Fiat*, as *let there be light, and there was light*, would make such a deliberate

Speech

Speech without any other design or intent, than to make a Nobler Brute than he had created before, and call it his own Image? The next Text I make use of, tells us the manner of Man's Creation, in the Second of *Genesis*, v. 7. in these Words. *And the Lord God formed Man of the Dust of the Ground, and breathed into his Nostrils the breath of Life; and Man became a living Soul.* Now, can this plain Text have any other Interpretation, than that the Body of Man, before God breathed into it the Breath of Life, was no better than an Image of Clay, and, that that Breath of Life was a living Soul, and that living Soul the Image of God? which must be a spiritual Immortal Substance, for it is no better than downright Nonsense, to say, that an Accident or Faculty can be the Image of any Spirit whatsoever, and much less can it be the Image of an Infinite Spirit, the only Eternal God: nor can any part of matter, however disposed with all its Accidents and Faculties, be the Image of an Invisible, Spiritual, Immortal Substance. Besides, the Word Soul in this Text, must signify a Spiritual Immortal Substance; for if it signify'd only Life, it would be the same as to say, that Man be-

came a living Life, and how improper that would be, I shall leave you to judge. The next Text I shall mention, is in the First of *Genesis*, v. 27. in these Words. So God created Man in his own Image, in the Image of God created he him; here is a double Affirmation that God created Man in his own Image, and now it must follow, that God by his breathing into an Image of Clay the Breath of Life, created a spiritual Substance, which was his own Image; for that must be his Image, and not the Image of Clay. Now, pray hear how Dr. Coward's new Doctrine sounds, that human Soul is not a spiritual Substance, but only an Accident; that the Son of God died for the Salvation of this Accident, which after a Man is dead, has no more Existence than it had before its Creation; that at the Resurrection God will create a new Accident, which must be the Old Accident laden with Sin; and tho' it was naturally mortal, immortalize it to Punishments. I think I need not tell you that a Man's Head must be a little turn'd, that talks at this rate, certainly such a Discourse as this is below the Dignity of an old Alms-Woman, If a Man were such a piece of Mortality as, Doctor Coward makes him, well



Well might the Psalmist cry out, *Lord! what is Man that thou art mindful of him, and the Son of Man that thou visitest him?* Psa. 8. but he goes on, *For thou hast made him a little lower than the Angels, and hast crown'd him with glory and honour:* Now, who that has not a mind to pervert the genuine Sense and meaning of the Scriptures, would go about to interpret this otherwise than as spoken of Man, in reference to his natural Dignity, as having an immortal Soul or Spirit within him, but a little inferior to the Inhabitants of Heaven, those intelligent glorious Spirits that attend at the Throne of God, beholding the Face of their great Creator, with an Assurance of rejoicing before him for evermore? If we have not immortal Souls, it would have been improper, vain and fantastical, to have made such a Speech to the Great God by way of Comparison, between Angels and Men, for their Disparity would have been so great, that it could admit of no manner of Comparison; but a Comparison between Men and Beasts, would be a thousand times more equal and just. It cannot be deny'd, but that the Knowledge that *David* and other Men had of the being of such sorts of Spirits as Angels,

gels, came to them by Revelation. But if we have not immortal Souls, it cannot be suppos'd that God would puzzle our weak Capacities with the Revelations of things which are as far above us, as the Heavens are above the Earth, and are never like to concern us. There are always a great many unthinking People in the World, who go under or deserve the Denomination of Rakes, Fops, Enamoratoes, &c. Such I suppose as *Solomon* spoke of in his Proverbs, when he said, *he saw a young Man void of Understanding*. These giving themselves up to all manner of Voluptuousness and Sensuality, are contented to take themselves for politer sort of Baboons, rather than entertain in their Heads the least Thoughts of the Souls Immortality, and are well enough satisfy'd, if they can be but admir'd by one another, and be acceptable to those of the Female Sex, that have as little thought as themselves, and whose Eyes are dazled, and their Understandings confounded at the sight of a scarlet pair of Stockings, and a lac'd Coat. These are they to whom *Dr. Coward's* Second Thoughts of human Soul has given a peculiar Satisfaction, in confirming them in the Erroneous, Monstrous, and Fantastical Opinion, that their Souls have no Existence

istence after Death, which Book, tho' but few of them have taken the pains to peruse, yet the rest upon meer hearsay, have cry'd it up as a piece of profound Learning, and deep Argument, which the whole World can never answer; tho' themselves have never read as much of it as the Title Page. Tho' it is much to be fear'd, that many of these will never endeavour to extricate themselves out of this profound State of Inconsideration, yet because some will be always coming into it, and others going out of it, for varieties sake, or upon some Disgust, or other Motive best known to themselves; I hope this small Treatise of mine will clear their Understandings, without putting them to much Trouble or Pains, and likewise give Satisfaction to those, whose Heads are troubled with Doubts, whether there can be any such spiritual or immaterial Beings in the World, as cannot be seen with their mortal Eyes, and who, when they call upon the Name of the Great God, the Creator of Spirits, who is Infinite Perfection, represent to themselves a Reverend Old Man sitting on a Chair of State.

Dr. Coward is very positive, that a spiritual Substance cannot be united to Matter,



ter, because he cannot conceive how it is united, and yet he allows, that Understanding, which is an Essential Faculty of a spiritual Substance, is given to Matter, tho' it is much more unconceivable. I find that he does not know what to make of human Soul, neither does human Soul know what to make of him.

Tho' the Souls of Men, and all finite Spirits, have not Extention of Parts as Matter has, yet they are subject to time and place, for otherwise they would have Ubiquity, and then the World would be full of Ubiquities; but nothing can have Ubiquity but an Infinite Spirit, which is God himself: He, as Divinity teaches, is exclusive every where, inclusive nowhere; and can any Man doubt, but that he can dispose of those Spirits, and limit their Faculties according to his Pleasure which he himself has created? Now it seems that he has united the intelligible Spirit or Soul of Man to his vital Spirits, and put it in a State of Ignorance, that he might receive the Ideas of things by his Senses, and attain to Knowledge by Instruction, Experience, and Observation, as his Body grows to its appointed Perfection.

tion; and then different Men have different Capacities; for the great saying of *Virgil*, may be apply'd to Persons as well as Places, viz. *Continuò has leges aeternaq; fœdera certis imposuit natura locis*, *Geo. 1.* And this he has done in his great Wisdom, for the Order and Oeconomy of the World, for if human Soul could have intuitive Knowledge and Exercise, all its Faculties, notwithstanding its Union, there would be more wise Heads upon young Shoulders, than there are now Fools Heads upon Old ones, then the Infant would know as much as his Father, and the Child would be as wise as her Grannam; and so many Absurdities would follow, that no Man living can see to the end of them.

*Dr. Coward* holds that human Soul has no Existence after Death; because, as he affirms, there is no Place or Repository for the Souls of Men I answer, do we behold with our mortal Eyes, innumerable Immense and glorious Bodies bedecking the Firmament, the greatest part whereof, are many times bigger than the whole Earth; whose Natures we know not, nor the Orders of Beings which they contain; And are we perceptible of the vast space between them and us, where, for

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ought we know, there may be infinite Numbers of invisible Beings? And can Dr. Coward and his Disciples imagin, that the Lord of the Universe cannot find a Repository for the Souls of Men? It may reasonably be supposed, that some Men will never find a Repository for their own Wits, while their Heads are so full of Conundrums; and therefore till their Souls are separated from their Bodies, I humbly conceive, that the fittest Repository for their Persons in the interim, is situated in *Moor-Fields*, near the Walls of our *English* Metropolis, for if they were in their right Senses, could they think that he that gave Bounds to the Sea, and said, hitherto shalt thou come and no further, cannot set Limits to his own Creatures, whether they are visible or invisible? He that fixed the Stars, and set the Planets a dancing round them to the end of the World, and has hung the Earth upon nothing? Now since we are sure that our Souls are immortal, and consequently that there must be Repositories for them, it would be as idle to trouble our Heads about the Nature and Situation of those Repositories, as it is to study the Philosophers Stone; since God has hitherto kept it as a Secre-



cy in his own Breast, and therefore is never like to be revealed for the Satisfaction of Mens Curiosities. As for the Descriptions of Hell, and the *Elysian* Fields by *Homer*, and after him more accurately by *Virgil* in his 6 *Aeneid*. they are great pieces of Art and Invention to make Prodigies of their Heroes, whom they feign'd to go to visit those places to be inform'd of future Events, and then to return again. From these admirable Descriptions, there is no doubt but that the Papists invented a Purgatory, and put in practice their Tricks of Praying for the Dead, and of Pardons and Indulgencies, &c. to bambuzzle Men out of their Substance, so that the Old Proverb is sufficiently verify'd in them, that Knaves devise, and Fools believe. Dr. *Coward* says, that they have wrested the Scriptures to their own purposes, and he says very true; they have wrested it one way, and he has wrested it another, they will have a Purgatory for Souls, and he will have it that there are no Souls at all; and all this by Scriptural Authority, *risum teneatis Amici*? The Power and Prejudices of Education were most remarkable in the Papists, when all Christendom believed that the Pope was appointed over Nations

and Kingdoms, to bind their Kings in Fetters, and their Nobles with Manacles of Iron. When Bigotry rose to so inmerciful an height, that a great King of *England*, since the *Norman* Conquest, was forc'd to suffer Pennance in the Face of the World. But as the Power of the Pope, as Mr. *Hobbs* observes in his *Leviathan*, was a *Phænix* sprung out of the Ashes of the *Roman* Empire; so now (God be thanked) this *Phænix* too is almost burnt to Ashes, and it seems that some People apprehended that another *Phænix* would arise, and that is Presbytery. But the Government of late, in its great Wisdom, has exerted its Authority in taking the most proper and effectual Measures for the Prevention thereof, resolving to stand by the Church of *England* as by Law establish'd; to the high Satisfaction of all the true Sons of the Church: And tho' these Descriptions are but Poetical Fictions, yet they are grounded upon the ancient and universal Doctrine of future Rewards and Punishments, which the Justice of God doth confirm; and tho' our Saviour has revealed to us, that he will come [at the last Day in great Glory to judge the World, every Man according to his Deeds in the Flesh,

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and that then he will separate the Sheep from the Goats, that is to say, he Righteous from the Ungodly; when the Living shall be changed at the sound of a Trumpet, and the Dead endued again with the same Souls, shall *eo instante* be raised out of their Graves; then at this great Rendezvous of all Mankind, shall be this general Separation of the Righteous from the Unrighteous. But how Dr. Coward can gather from hence, that God has concluded himself from disposing of the good and bad Souls of Men in different Repositories, in the mean time, is very unaccountable; or because they shall not receive their due Punishment before their Sentence pronounc'd against them, for tho' they have not such Joy or Misery as they shall receive at their last Doom, yet it may reasonably be supposed, that the Repositories are of different Natures, the one of Pleasure, and the other it is to be fear'd will be dismal enough. But if that for the Wicked were such a place as would be a Paradise to others, what Enjoyment could they have themselves under so great an Horror of Conscience, as the certain Expectation of the Wrath of God and eternal Damnation, as soon as the Trumpet



pet shall sound, which for ought they know, may be the very next Moment? But that Horror of Conscience before Condemnation, and the Punishment inflicted after Condemnation are not the same thing, no more than if a Man commit a Capital Crime, and is sent to Goal in order to his Tryal, his fear of Sentence and being Executed, can be the Execution it self; and tho' there were no Repository for the Souls of Men, in order to secure them for future Judgment, because, wheresoever they are in the Universe, they are in the Hands of God. Yet it is reasonable to suppose, that they are put into such a Repository as is most proper for them. But Dr. Coward, to secure them from future Judgment, will have them annihilated, a notable Presbyterian Contrivance, found out while he was studying of Politicks, in order to be reveng'd of all his Enemies at once. The Existence of human Soul, and future Rewards and Punishments, seem to be the universal Dictates of Nature, and it is strange that Dr. Coward should affirm, that they were both invented by the Heathens, when he cannot make it out when they were invented, nor who were the Inventors of them. If they were not the Dictates

Dictates of Nature, it is very much that the Heathens should so universally believe the Doctrine of future Rewards and Punishments, before the Revelation of it by the Son of God, when it was impossible that they should know any thing of it before it was revealed; and then, that the same thing that they so generally acknowledged, should afterwards become a Revelation; telling us particularly, that there will be a Day, when God will judge the World in Righteousness, with the great Solemnities of that Day. Dr. Coward tells us, that *Pythagoras* and his Scholar *Plato*, taught the Doctrine of the Souls Immortality, and of future Rewards and Punishments, and then wonders how they came by their Notions, and if they were living now, they would wonder as much how he came by his. But upon his deeper search into Antiquity, he affirms, that the said Doctrines were invented by the *Egyptians*, and that they were received in most Nations Two Hundred Years before *Moses*, who liv'd Five Hundred Years before *Homer*, and as far as Dr. Coward knows, they have been so receiv'd Two Hundred Years before that, and before that too have been known in *Noah's Ark*, and by the *Antediluvian*

*tediluvian* Patriarchs before *Noah* was born, and *Adam* might have been the first that found it out. The universal consent of Mankind, in the belief of the Immortality of the Soul, is nothing less than the Voice and Decree of Nature; for it is unaccountable how all Mankind should agree in this Belief, unless the same Nature which is common to them all, teach this to them all. It is impossible to imagin, that were not this Doctrine of the Immortality of the Soul the Voice and Sense of Nature, it should have been so universally preserv'd in all the Dispersions of Mankind over the whole face of the Earth, thro' so many successive Generations. So we may conclude, that this general Consent of Mankind is the Voice of Nature, and the Voice of Nature is a Natural Proof of the Souls Immortality.

Mr. *Locke* in his Essay of human Understanding confess, that tho' we don't know but that it was in the Power of God to have given Understanding to Matter, yet he was most inclinable to believe, that human Soul is a spiritual immortal Substance; and yet while it is clog'd with the Body, does not always think, as in sound Sleep, and deep Amusements. Now Dr. *Coward*  
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concludes, that since what we call human Soul, does not always think it is not a spiritual immortal Substance, but only Understanding given to Matter, which has no Existence after Death; and so he proposes what he will, and concludes what he pleases. I answer, that when it does not think, it does not understand, and then how can it be said to be Understanding? For to say that it is Understanding, and yet does not understand, is no better then a flat Contradiction. He allows that this Understanding has Existence, till it takes its long leave of the Body till the Resurrection, I answer, that it has no more Existence when it leaves the Body but one Minute, then it would have if it left it for Ten Thousand Years; and it cannot be deny'd, but it has left the Body, when a Body is without it that ever had it. Now since he affirms, that a Man does not always think, which is no more than to say, that he does not always understand; then it follows, that this Understanding often leaves the Body before its long Separation, and if it has Existence, as he allows, pray where is it? or what sort of thing can it be, that is so often in the Head and so often out? When it is out, I would feign

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know if it be not a thing that dances up and down like a Vapour, called a *Will in a Wisp*, leading the poor Man that can't overtake it, into Pools and Ditches, till he has got into the Mire quite up to the Chin; and then enters into his Head again to shew him his Error, and if this be not the Reason that so many Men rise and fall, and are so often up and down in the World? I humbly conceive, that this Understanding begins to unsettle and abdicate the Brain, when a Man begins to write his Thoughts and new Notions of things, without considering whether or no he shall be laugh't at for his pains; or when he begins to fall so deeply in Love, as to settle all he has upon his Mistress, who, when he has done, won't allow him one Farthing for his Subsistence; or when he begins to undertake a great Building without any Money to pay for it, or to dissent from the establish'd Religion and Laws of his own Country. You may observe a great many Signs and Tokens of the Abdication of this Understanding. Now granting that Men do not always think, is it not more difficult to conceive, that Understanding, which is a Faculty that cannot belong to a material Substance is yet given

to Matter? that it flies in and out of the Head, like a Bird in and out of its Nest; that when it is in the Head it is something, tho' no body knows what, and when it is out, it is nothing, but is sure to be nothing when the Man is Dead till the Resurrection, which tho' tis sure to be will be the Lord knows when, and then will be something for ever; whence there must arise so many Absurdities, Repugnances, and Impossibilities, that these crazy pated Notions can never be reconciled, nor can all the wise Heads upon Earth know what to make of them. Then to conceive that human Soul is an immaterial spiritual Substance, endu'd with such natural essential Faculties as other finite spiritual Substances are, because when the Organs of the Body are rightly dispos'd, it exerts such Faculties to so wonderful a degree, that one individual Man has had Understanding and Ability enough to govern the whole Earth; tho' since God has, during the Union of the Soul and Body, made such Organs the Instruments for exercising its Faculties, the Soul upon their being out of tune, disorder'd, discompos'd or obstructed, may exercise its Faculty of thinking very feintly, or possibly not at all; will any Man



in the World that is not a Coxcomb, say, that a single Atom thinks? and then if our Atome can't think, it is certain that a Composition of them can't think; for Thought is the Operation of an entire indivisible being, and not of a Compound of things. It is very odd to think, that all the great Men that ever were in the World, that have invented all Arts, and have had the Knowledge of Sciences, have nothing left of them but their Carcases, or the Dust or Atoms thereof. And yet that the Soul does not always think, is more than Mr. *Locke* knew, or Dr. *Coward* either; for tho' many People have awak'd out of their Sleep, and for some time have not remembered what they have dream't of, yet some Hours after it has come into their Thoughts, so as they could give an Account of it, and so the like of Amusements, upon a sudden Surprise of a Mans being ask'd what he has been thinking of, common Experience shews, that when Men are in Drink, or asleep, their Thoughts and Dreams are for the most part irregular, yet some Men have form'd Arguments in their Sleep, which they have made use of for their Advantage when they have been awake; which would be a strange Operation of

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the vital Spirits, if it were as *Dr. Coward* affirms. And I doubt not but some People think better sleeping, than others do wakeing, I mean than those who have had second Thoughts, and further Thoughts, and all about one and the same Matter, when their second Thoughts have been no better than their first, nor their further Thoughts no better then their second, and all their Thoughts together are good for nothing. Let a Man dream what he will, he can hardly ever dream that a learned Doctor could have so many Whimsical Thoughts, and then have so little Wit as to publish them to the World. If human Soul has no Existence after Death, it is highly probable that our Saviour, the great Doctor of Truth, would have undeceived the World in so great an Error as the Existence of it, when it has no Existence at all, but is only a meer Chymæra in their own Brains. If it be objected that our Saviour might wink at such a Notion, because it might be serviceable to Religion, I answer that it would have become *Dr. Coward* to have wink't at it too, and not to have confounded human Understanding with new fangled Notions, about Accidents and Faculties, and the Souls playing

ing at Bo-peep with the World, one while being in it, another while out, one while being something, and another while nothing, and at last being something to all Eternity: Not being acquainted with Dr. Cowards Person, but only with his Thoughts, which he has been pleas'd to devulge, I know not but that he may be wiser than to give Credit to his own Doctrines, and perhaps has publish'd them for no other reason, than to shew the Rarity of his own Invention; like *Epicurus* the Philosopher, who taught the World, that a parcel of Atomes jumbled themselves together so long, that at last they form'd the Universe a notable Thought, nothing inferior to Dr. Cowards, which will fame him in all Ages among some of the Lack wits for an Oracle; but amongst others, for a Profound, Learned, and most ingenious Coxcomb to the end of the World; that is to say, till the Dissolution of those Atoms, or till all those Atoms are burnt together in a general Conflagration for their Sawciness, in making a World of so wonderful and stupendious a Contrivance without any Thought at all. *Cogito, ergo sum*; I think, therefore I am, was a great Saying of *Des Cartes*, whence he concluded, that

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human Soul is a Spiritual Immortal Substance; but Dr. *Coward* makes Men Brutes, and *Des Cartes* makes Brutes Machines; they both sound very harshly, and it is to be wonder'd what sort of Men these Philosophers have convers'd with, that should think to impose such Doctrines upon the World, contrary to the Sence, Reason, and Experience of all Mankind. And since Dr. *Coward* has made a Comparison between Men and Brutes, and has found no Essential difference between them, I shall refer you to a small Treatise of the Learned Dr. *Willis*, *De Anima Brutorum*, and believe I need not cite any more Authorities in this Matter, since there is scarce a Man to be found that would not look upon it as a high piece of Indignity to be called a Brute; and there is no doubt, but Dr. *Coward* himself would take it for a great Affront to be so called; besides, there are so many Books both of Philosophy and Divinity, that treat of the Excellencies of human Soul, and its noble Faculties, that it was made to Contemplate God, and the whole Creation; that the Thought runs from one end of the World to another in a Moment, &c. Now since to prove the Souls Immortality by Scripture, is the proper

per Business of the Divines. I shall only say in general, that the Gospel Revelation carries such Evidence with it, that nothing but obstinate Prejudices and corrupt Interests can resist; and when these are removed, it will conquer by its own Light: and Dr. *Coward* is much to be admir'd at, for endeavouring to pervert the true and genuin Sense and Meaning of so many Texts of Scripture, and put so false a Gloss upon them, that give us the most certain Assurance of the Souls Immortality in as plain Terms as Words can expresse; when every Mechanick can confute him, notwithstanding his own and all the Sophistry in the World, when the whole tenour of the Scriptures runs that way, nay, when the Salvation of our Souls is the whole End, Scope, Intent, and Design thereof.

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*The difference of the Natures of Spirit and Matter, and that we may have as clear an Idea or Notion of one, as of the other.*

**I**F Eternal and Infinite Mind and Wisdom, that created the World, be the pure Spirit

Spirit at an infinite distance from Matter, and Wisdom essentially belongs to a Spiritual Nature, then when God creates a thinking, reasoning, understanding Being, he must create a Spirit which must be his own Image, for nothing else can be the Image of God.

Human Soul hath both Understanding and free Will, to act or not act, but as Matter cannot think, so it cannot move it self, but moves as it is moved; and therefore there can be no Principle of Liberty or Spontaniety in it.

The Soul being Immaterial, having no Parts or Composition, is in its own Nature indivisible and incorruptible, and therefore immortal; for that which cannot be dissolved by any natural Causes, must last as long as Nature lasts, tho' what God has created out of nothing, he may, when he pleases, reduce to nothing again; but when he has created an immortal Nature, it is a good Argument that he never intends to annihilate it: But all material Compositions, such as human Bodies are, may be dissolved by the separation of their parts.

As we have no compleat Idea of immaterial Substance, so we have no Idea of



Matter, stript of all Qualities and Accidents. All Philosophers own, that the Substance of all material things is the same, diversified by different Accidents and Qualities, as by different Magnitudes, Figures, Motions, &c. and yet no Man can tell what pure naked Matter is; which is the Subject of such different and contrary Qualities, as hot or cold, hard or soft, moist or dry, light or heavy, but is nothing of all this it self; and that which is more, no Man can tell how the same Matter is, sometimes soft, and sometimes hard, &c. Who can give any Account how the soft Atomes of Water, with a little cold become as hard as Marble? and much less do we know the naked Essences of things. We know nothing of any material Beings but their natural Virtues, Powers, Operations, or sensible Qualities; but what that Substance is which we call Matter, and is the Subject of all these different Powers and Qualities, we know not. Now in the same manner that we know what Matter is, we know what a Spirit is; not what the pure naked Substance of a Spirit is, but what its Virtues, Powers, Operations, and Qualities are, which are so essentially different from those  
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of Matter, that there must be an essential difference between their Substances also. We feel in our selves something that understands, reasons and wills, which can act freely and Spontaneously, which can chuse and refuse; and is the Subject of different Passions of Love, Hope, Fear, Desire, Grief, &c. which are of a different nature from all the Virtues and Qualities of Bodies that we know of, and therefore must have a distinct and Essentiality different Subject also, which we call the Soul or Spirit. According to all the known Principles of Philosophy, there is no relation between Matter and Thought, nay, as far as we can judge, there is an utter Incapacity in Matter, to think it is very absurd to conceive, that a conscious Life, which is the first Perfection of Being, and Understanding which is the greatest Perfection in Nature, should have no Subject or Nature of their own, to which they essentially belong, but be meer perishing Accidents, of a Nature to which they do not essentially belong. The degrees of Matter don't alter the kind, Matter is Matter still, tho' of a finer Mould; and if Matter can't think, it is impossible by all the Chymistry of Nature, to extract thinking

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and reasoning Spirits out of it. If the Soul were Material, it must be confest it is compounded of several Atoms, which are really distinct from each other, and must all of them have Sense and Perception, If the Soul which is compounded of them has; and so we cannot see any One thing without seeing Five Hundred of them. If each of these Atoms perceives only that part of a String which strikes upon it self, How do they communicate with each other, and represent an intire thing, when no one of them sees the whole? Material Atoms, however they may be united, have no natural Communication with each other, but Thought, Reason, and Understanding, require one intire and indivisible Principle; for nothing that is not perfectly and indivisibly one, which nothing is but what is immaterial without Extention of Parts, can have an intire comprehensive Notion of any one thing.

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*The Nature of Creatures is known  
by their Happiness.*

**T**HE highest and noblest Pleasures, are  
alwaies stated in the most perfect  
Nature;



Nature ; and the most perfect Nature has the most perfect Life, and is the Superior and Governing Principle : The Pleasures of the Body wholly depend on the Body, increase, decay, and die with it ; for Happiness results from Nature, and bears a just Proportion to it ; so that we cannot be happier than our Natures are capable of. The Pleasures of the Mind, are the Pleasures of Wisdom, Knowledge, Virtue, and Religion, which are immediately seated in the Mind, and have no relation to the Body any otherwise than as the Soul lives, and acts in the Body, and directs it. Wise and good Men are lov'd and honoured as the Glory and Perfection of human Nature ; but an excess in bodily Pleasures is universally infamous, which proves that they are not our Last and Highest Happiness, wherein there can be no Excess. It would be impossible for a Soul which is nothing but Body and Matter it self, thus to raise it self above the Body, and to contradict and subdue its bodily Appetites and Inclinations. And were not Mankind conscious of some diviner Principle in them than Matter, and of some diviner Pleasures more honourable than the Pleasures of the Body, it is impossible they should so universally

fully admire those Men, who despise the Body and all its Delights. Whatever bodily Pleasures are, they are but for a Moment, and please no longer than we enjoy them; but the Pleasures of the Soul are a perpetual Spring of Joy: Bodily Pleasures depend upon things without us, which are not always in our Power, as the Pleasures of the Soul are. All bodily Pleasures are insipid, tasteless, and troublesome to a broken, guilty, and distemper'd Mind. Now it is impossible the Soul should have a Happiness independent on the Body, without having a Principle of Life independent on the Body also. And therefore the Soul can live in a State of Separation from it, especially since this intellectual spiritual Happiness can never attain to its just Perfection while we live in these Bodies. Can't we think, that when the Soul has attain'd the greatest Improvements that it can in the Body, it shall immediately fall into nothing?

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*The Existence of human Soul after Death, prov'd from the natural Desires of Immortality.*

**A**LL natural Passions and Appetites being the Life and Sense of the Soul,  
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are immediately implanted in our Nature by God, and have their natural Objects, or else such Appetites and Desires were made in vain. And it cannot be suppos'd of our Wise Creator, that he would lay a Necessity on us of desiring that which is not in Nature, and so not to be had; we may as well suppose that God would make Eyes without Light, or Ears without Sound; and can we then think, that Immortality, the most natural necessary Desire of all the most noble and generous desires of human Nature, the governing Principle of all our Actions, and which must give Laws to all our other Passions, Desires, and Approaches should have nothing to answer it? What a strange Creature is Man, if he is deceiv'd in the most Fundamental and most Universal Principle of Action, which would make his whole Life nothing else but one continued Cheat and Imposture? A Principle of self-Preservation, or a desire to preserve this Life as long as we can, which is implanted in Brutes as well as Men, and a positive express Desire to live for ever, are two different Desires; for Wicked Men desire and hope that there is no Life after this, and yet desire to preserve this Life as long as they can, for the



the natural desire of self-preservation, is to preserve our selves what we are: But in some good Men, upon some great Occasions, the hope and desire of Immortality has conquer'd this natural Principle of self-preservation, and they have resign'd this Life to live for ever; and so we may conclude, that God would not impose a necessity upon all reasonable Creatures, of desiring Immortality, if they shall never have it, and therefore that Reasonable Creatures are Immortal. Our Desires of Immortality are universal, which prove that they are natural, and the Desires of Nature never rise above it self; and therefore a mortal Nature cannot naturally desire Immortality, nor can that Nature be mortal, which has a natural Sence and Desire of it.

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# APPENDIX,

## SHEWING

*That the Doctrines and Principles  
mention'd in the Title of this Book,  
have been the chief Occasions of  
Civil Wars and Distractions in  
Government.*

**T**H E principal Sowers of Dissentions  
in this Kingdom, both in Church and  
State, since the Reformation, have been the  
Priests and Jesuites; who putting in pra-  
ctice the Devils Rule, *Divide & Impera*, came  
hither from foreign Parts, in several Dis-  
guises, Professing and Exercising the mean-  
est Mechanical Trades, and taking all Op-

portunities to hold forth to Congregations, made the ignorant People believe with Rhetorical Cantings and sly Insinuations, that they were the Oracles of Truth, and Messengers from God, inspir'd by the Holy Ghost, having the Light of the Spirit within them. Now some of the Flocks of these worthy Pastors, being harmless and inoffensive by Nature, have always been satisfied, if they could but enjoy their own private Enthusiastical Notions; and these are they that may be said to have Consciences truly scrupulous, but the rest have been always made Tools of Parties: Now the Question is, what sort of Men these Party-Men have been themselves? and it may be plainly answer'd, that since Religion has been a Pretence for Rebellion, the Great Ones have been those that have had a Design to share the Government amongst them; and the lesser sort have been those that have been ready to take all Opportunities to fish in troubled Waters, and catch what they could. These are they that have brought Confusion and Anarchy, Destruction and Desolation into this Kingdom by Violence, and have made it a Field of Blood, and have been the

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Occasion of infinite Numbers of Murders, Rapes, Robberies, and all manner of Villanies, and all for Religion and God's sake; and consequently must be they that had no Regard to a Future State or the Souls Immortality. Who can believe that *Oliver Cromwell*, who used to Preach and Pray so many Hours together with his Head inclining to one side, full of dark Designs, as the Enslavery of this free Nation, and the Murder of one of the best Kings upon Earth; nay, who was upon his Knees praying to God, who never could be more impudently mock'd, at the same instant that this blessed Martyr's Head lay upon the Block, and was chopt off by the Hands of the Executioner, which he himself had contriv'd, should have any thought that his Soul would have Existence after Death, or have any other Ends than to secure Worldly Grandeur to himself and his Posterity? Now since such Doctrines and Principles, as the Soul's having no Existence after Death, have been always of dangerous Consequence to Civil Governments, and Dr. *Coward* has publish'd so many Books of his Thoughts,

endeavouring to maintain such Opini-  
ous and Doctrines. What honest Man  
tho' he loves his Countrey, and the Con-  
stitutions and Establish'd Religion and Laws  
of this Kingdom, can forbear to cry out  
with the Satyrift,

*Semper ego Auditor tantum, nunquam reponam?  
Vexatus toties, &c.* Juvenal, Sat. iv.

Wm. Mortall

Printed

**FINIS.**

Opini  
Man  
Con  
Laws  
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